

Towards Resilient Futures Community of Practice: Phase II



Using a Multi-Disciplinary Approach to Explore Opportunities for Economic Diversification in Mining-Intensive Jurisdictions

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THE CASE OF FIBROUS PLANTS THROUGH A LEGAL LENSE

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High-Level Overview







Shortcomings and hurdles in applicable legal Production & framework processing **Sites** Current parameters **Stakeholders Methods** and process





Parameters

P&P	Sites	Stakeholders	Methods
What, where and how of fibre farming	Rules applicable vary depending on area	Landowners, communities, government and more	Environmental impacts associated with cultivation and conversion?





What will enabling legislation look like?







RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE LAND

- LANDOWNER USUALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR LAND
- VARIOUS STATUTORY AND COMMON LAW SANCTIONS AND REMEDIES
- IN MINING CONTEXT TWO SCENARIOS...



MINERAL LAW IN AFRICA



Scenario 1



Scenario 2



MINING COMPANY

MINING COMPANY















ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKS & BALANCES

- Various laws, each addressing specific environmental issue
- Some common generic legal tools:
 - Decision-making and creation of plans
 - Listed activities
 - Administrative and criminal procedures
 - Empowering environmental authorities
- Numerous checks and balances many hurdles
- Limited incentives



SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE MANAGEMENT

- SPATIAL PLANNING AND LAND USE MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS (SPLUMA)
- INTEGRATION OF SOCIAL, ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS WITH LAND USE PLANNING
- INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN (IDP), SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORKS (SDF)
- ZONING



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SOCIAL AND LABOUR PLANS (SLP'S)

• PURPOSE OF SOCIAL & LABOUR PLAN:

- STIMULATE JOB-CREATION; ADVANCE SOCIAL & ECONOMIC WELLBEING
- TRANSFORMATION: SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC INCLUSIVITY & EQUALITY
- CONTRIBUTE TO SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
- LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME:
 - MINE PROJECTS SUPPORTING INFRASTRUCTURE AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION
 - PROJECTS MUST ALIGN WITH MUNICIPALITY'S IDP
- DOWNSCALING AND RETRENCHMENT
- HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT PLAN









LAW REFORM REQUIRED







THANK YOU

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Exploring valueaddition opportunities in Cop II



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CoP II Workshop 4

The biorefinery concept



"A biorefinery is a facility that integrates biomass conversion processes and equipment to produce fuels, power, and chemicals from biomass" - Significant amount of plant-based (lignocellulosic) biomass is left behind after fibre processing (e.g. low quality fibres, seeds, leaves)



- Depending on the biomass characteristics and ease of processing, a mix of high-value products (e.g. platform chemicals), energy products (e.g. biofuels) and low-value biomass products (e.g. biochar) can be produced using biorefinery technologies

- Biorefinery products can enhance the Regenerative Agriculture initiative by providing additional revenue, creating sustainable and green products, and fuel a dynamic successor plant-based economy by supporting mining communities after the closure of mines



Biorefinery product space – how to choose products of interest?



- Focus on carbohydrates, lignin and lipids/oil as resources + relevant production platforms
- Prioritise products with high market interest (local and international) and high technology readiness level (> 8)
- Identified 60 biorefinery products of interest:
- High-value bioproducts (platform chemicals) (24)
- Energy products (12)
- Low-value biomass products (23)
- High-value bio-polymers (1)

(Abdilla – Santes, 2020)

Iterative work with DPRU and additional analyses

- Narrowed down initial list of biorefinery products to a smaller list of frontier products
- Chosen frontier products are a mix of high value platform chemicals, energy products and low value biomass products

- Additional analyses:
 - Investigate different product clusters on:
 - Technical feasibility
 - Techno-economics investigation
 - Comparing economic outcomes

- Fundamental understanding of incorporating biorefinery operations in the Regenerative Agriculture initiative →
 Challenges vs Opportunities
- Consolidate cross-disciplinary and iterative work







Africa will play a major role in the supply of critical technology minerals



Manganese role in the low-carbon economy?



Structural steel for renewables' infrastructure e.g. wind turbines High strength steel which is used to make lighter weight automotive and EV car

Cathode in Lithium-ion batteries for EVs and energy storage

How do we move down the battery value chain?





Policy Calculus to aid economic development goals

A key research outcome to emerge from the CoP II research is the development of a policy calculus to aid the policy maker in choosing between sets of industrial diversification opportunities



Integrating opportunities









science & technology

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Synthesis/conclusions